

The Newlands Federation of Schools

A partnership of Shere CE Infant & Clandon CE Primary School

play | games | dialogue | stories | nature



Year One Key Knowledge and Skills Expectations for Science

Aspect	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Animals, including Humans		o Identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals o Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores o Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets) o Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense	
Plants			o Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees o Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees
Everyday Materials	o Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made o Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock o Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials o Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties		
Seasonal Changes	o Observe changes across the four seasons o Observe and describe weather associated with the se	asons and day length varies	

Working	o Ask simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in different ways
Scientifically	o Use simple equipment to observe closely
Scientifically	o Perform simple tests
	o Identify and classify
	o Use his/her observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions
	o Gather and record data to help in answering questions

Year Two Key Knowledge and Skills Expectations for Science

Aspect	Autumn	Spring	Summer
All Living Things and their Habitats			 Explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive Identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food
Animals, including Humans	 Understand that animals, including humans, have offspring which grows into adults Describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food, air) Describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene 		
Plants		Observe and describe how seed and bulbs grow into mature plants Find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy	
Everyday Materials	o Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses o Describe how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching		

	 Ask simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in different ways including use of scientific language from the national curriculum Use simple equipment to observe closely including changes over time Perform simple comparative tests Identify, group and classify Use his/her observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions noticing similarities, differences and patterns Gather and record data to help in answering questions including from secondary sources of information
--	--

Year Three / Four (Year A) Key Knowledge and Skills Expectations for Science

Aspect	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Animals, including Humans	Year 3 Objectives: o Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat o Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protections and movement Year 4 Objectives: o Describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans o Identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions Construct and interpret a variety of food chains,		
Plants	identifying producers, predators and prey	Year 3 Objectives:	
Plants		 o Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers o Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant o Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants o Explore the part flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal 	
Rocks		Year 3 Objectives: O Compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties O Describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock O Recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter	

Forces and			Year 3 Objectives:	
			o Compare how things move on different surfaces	
Magnets			o Notice that some forces need contact between two	
			objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance	
			o Observe how magnets attract or repel each other	
			and attract some materials and not others	
			o Compare and group together a variety of everyday	
			materials on the basis of whether they are attracted	
			to a magnet, and identify some magnetic materials	
			o Describe magnets as having two poles	
			o Predict whether two magnets will attract or repel	
			each other, depending on which poles are facing	
Light	Year 3 Objectives:		· , J · .	
	o Recognise that he/she needs light in order to see			
	things and that the dark is the absence of light			
	o Notice that light is reflected from surfaces			
	o Recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous			
	and that there are ways to protect our eyes			
	o Recognise that shadows are formed when light from			
	a light source is blocked by a solid object			
	o Find patterns in the way that the size of shadows			
	change			
Working	o Ask relevant questions and use different types of scien	· ·		
Scientifically	o Set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair			
,	,	appropriate, take accurate measurements using standard	units, using a range of equipment, including	
	thermometers and data loggers			
	o Gather, record, classify and present data in a variety of			
	o Record findings using simple scientific language, draw			
	o Report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions			
		ons for new values, suggest improvements and raise furthe	r questions	
	o Identify differences, similarities or changes related to s	·		
	o Use straightforward scientific evidence to answer ques	stions or to support his/her findings		

Year Three / Four (Year B) Key Knowledge and Skills Expectations for Science

Aspect	Autumn	Spring	Summer
States of Matter	Year 4 Objectives: o Compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases o Observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C) o Identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature		
Electricity	Year 4 Objectives: o Identify common appliances that run on electricity o Construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers o Identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery o Recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a series circuit o Recognise some common conductors and insulators, and associate metals with being good conductors o Understand electrical safety and how to keep safe around electrical appliances		
Living Things and their Habitats		Year 4 Objectives: o Recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways o Explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider community o Recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers and have an impact on living things	

Sound		 Identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating Recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear Find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it Find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it Recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance
Working Scientifically	 Ask relevant questions and use different types of scientific enquiries to answer them Set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests Make systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, take accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers Gather, record, classify and present data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions Record findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, and tables Report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions Use results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions Identify differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes Use straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support his/her findings 	

Year Five / Six (Year A) Key Knowledge and Skills Expectations for Science

Aspect	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Properties and Changes in Materials	Year 5 Objectives: O Compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets O Recognise that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution, and describe how to recover a substance from a solution O Use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating O Give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic O Demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes O Explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda		
Evolution and Inheritance		Year 6 Objectives: Recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago Recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents Identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution	
Electricity			Year 6 Objectives: o Associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit

	o Compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches o Use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram
Working Scientifically	 Plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary Take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate Record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs Use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests Report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, casual relationships and explanations of degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations
	o Identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments o Describe and evaluate their own and other people's scientific ideas related to topics in the national curriculum (including ideas that have changed over time), using evidence from a range of sources

Year Five / Six (Year B) Key Knowledge and Skills Expectations for Science

Aspect	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Earth and Space	Year 5 Objectives: O Describe the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in the solar system O Describe the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth O Describe the Sun, Earth and Moon as approximately spherical bodies O Use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky		
Forces	Year 5 Objectives: o Explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object o Identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction, that act between moving surfaces o Recognise that some mechanism, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect		
Light	Year 6 Objectives: o Recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines o Use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect light into the eye o Explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to objects and then to our eyes o Use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them		
All Living Things and their Habitats		Year 5 Objectives: o Describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird o Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals	

	Year 6 Objectives: o Describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including micro-organisms, plants and animals o Give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics	
Animals, including Humans		Year 5 Objectives: o Describe the changes as humans develop to old age Year 6 Objectives: o Identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood o Recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function o Describe the ways in which nutrients and water are
Working Scientifically	 Plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables Take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repe Record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables Use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests Report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, casual relationships and explanations of deg displays and other presentations Identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments Describe and evaluate their own and other people's scientific ideas related to topics in the national curriculum evidence from a range of sources 	rat readings when appropriate s, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs gree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as